

Short Questions for NCERT Accountancy Solutions Class 12 Part 1 Chapter 1

1. State the meaning of 'Not-for-Profit' Organisations.

Organisations that are established with the aim of providing services to society and not profit earning are called as Not-for-profit Organisations (NPO). Some organisations that come under NPO are hospitals, religious organisations and trade unions. An NPO earns income from life membership fees, subscriptions, grants, donations etc.

2. State the meaning of Receipt and Payment Account.

A receipts and payments account (R & P Account) is a summary of actual cash receipts and payments that is extracted from the cash book over a certain time period. All the cash received is recorded on the Receipts and all the cash payments gets recorded in Payments side of the R & P Account. All the cash and bank transactions are recorded in Cash Book and this book is created on the basis of all these transaction. All cash and bank transactions that are of revenue and capital nature gets recorded. It records all transactions i.e. bank receipts and cash receipts.

This account helps in determining the closing balance of bank and cash receipts and thereby assess cash position of a Not-for-profit organisation or NPO.

3. State the meaning of Income and Expenditure Account.

Income and Expenditure (I & E) account is the equivalent of P & L account (Profit and Loss Account). In an income and expenditure account, surplus and deficit is determined during the accounting period while in a P& L account the net profit or loss is determined at the running of accounting period. It is nominal account and records transactions that are of revenue nature. The closing balance is called deficit or surplus based.

4. What are the features of Receipt and Payment Account?

The receipts and payments account has the following features:

- 1. It is known as cash book summary for NPO (Not-for-profit organisations) as it records all the cash and cash equivalents of the organisation.
- 2. This account shows cash transactions that are of revenue and capital nature
- 3. It does not follow the double entry bookkeeping system as it is a summary of transactions.
- 4. It does not include transactions that do not have cash or bank items.



5. It helps in revealing the cash position of the organisation

5. What steps are taken to prepare Income and Expenditure Account from a Receipt and Payment Account?

Following steps should be followed:

- 1. Exclude opening cash and bank balances and also do the same for closing cash and balances
- 2. Exclude income of the previous period and any such income that is received in advance
- 3. Exclude all items involving capital receipts and payments
- 4. Exclude expenditures that are of the previous or coming period
- 5. Include all incomes of the current period which are yet to be received
- 6. Include expenditures of current period which are yet to be paid.
- 7. Provision for bad debts and fixed assets depreciation should be taken into account and charged to the account (income and expenditure account)

6. What is subscription? How is it calculated?

For a not-for-profit organisation subscription acts as one of the main sources of income. It refers to money that the members pay periodically for maintaining their membership in active state. Subscription charges can be paid in flexible options like monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly. It appears on the receipt side of R & P account.

For calculating subscription for current period, add subscription received in advance meant for current period during the previous year and outstanding subscription for current year to the subscription received for the current year and deducting subscription received in advance for next year and outstanding subscription from previous year from subscription received in the current year.

Calculation of Subscription

Subscription received during the year

Subscription received during the year		
(+) Subscription received (in advance) during previous year	-	
for current year	-	
(+) Subscription outstanding at the end of the year		
(-) Subscription received in advance for the next year	-	
(-) Subscription outstanding for the previous year	-	
Subscription shown in Income and Expenditure Account		



7. What is Capital Fund? How is it calculated?

The scenario where value of assets of NPO are more than its liabilities, it is called as capital fund. This is similar to the concept of capital for an organisation working to earn profit. If any surplus amount is received from I & E account, it gets added to capital fund, likewise any deficit will be deducted from the same and is known as Accumulated Fund.

Calculating Capital Fund

Capital Fund at the beginning of the year		**
Add: Surplus from Income and Expenditure Account	**	
Add: Subscription Amount (Capitalised amount)	**	
Add: Life membership fee.	**	**
Less: Deficit from Income and Expenditure Account)	**
Capital Fund at the end of the year		***

Long Questions for NCERT Accountancy Solutions Class 12 Part 1 Chapter 1

1. Explain the statement: "Receipt and Payment Account is a summarised version of Cash Book".

A receipts and payments account (R & P Account) is a summary of actual cash receipts and payments that is extracted from the cash book over a certain time period. All the cash received is recorded on the Receipts and all cash payments are recorded in Payments side of the R & P Account. All the cash and bank transactions are recorded in Cash Book and this book is created on the basis of all these transaction. All cash and bank transactions that are of revenue and capital nature gets recorded. It records all transactions i.e. bank receipts and cash receipts.

This account helps in determining the closing balance of bank and cash receipts and thereby assess cash position of a Not-for-profit organisation or NPO.

Here are some similarities between Cash Book and Receipts and Payments Account:

- 1. Both are real accounts.
- 2. Only transactions of cash and bank are recorded
- 3. There is no distinction between Revenue and Capital Items



- 4. Helps in assessing the cash position of an organisation
- 5. Starts with an opening balance consisting of cash and bank and concludes with closing balance of cash and bank.

Therefore, it can be said that Receipt and Payments Account is a summarised version of cash book.

2. "Income and Expenditure Account of a Not-for-Profit Organisation is akin to Profit and Loss Account of a business concern". Explain the statement.

The account containing all expenses and losses for current accounting period prepared by a Not-for-profit organisation is called as Income and Expenditure (I & E) account, while a similar account prepared by profit earning organisation is called as Profit and Loss Account (P & L).

Here are some of the similarities between I & E and P & L accounts:

- 1. Accrual basis is followed for the preparation of both accounts.
- 2. Expenses and losses are recorded on Expenditure (debit) side and gains and income are recorded on Income (credit) side.
- 3. Records only revenue items related to current accounting period.
- 4. Both exhibit nature similar to nominal accounts

Therefore, it can be said that from the above statements that Income and Expenditure account of a Not-for-Profit Organisation is akin to Profit and Loss Account of a business concern.



3. Distinguish between Receipts and Payments Account and Income and Expenditure Account.

Basis of Comparison	Receipts and Payments Account	Income and Expenditure Account	
Nature	Contains bank and cash transaction summary. Contains summary. expenses of cu		
Revenue and Capital	Both revenue and capital transactions are recorded	Only revenue transactions are recorded	
		Records expenses and losses incurred for the current accounting year	
Credit side	Records payments received in form of cash and cheques	Records incomes and gains during the current accounting year	
Account Type	Real Account	Nominal Account	
Accounting Period	Records receipts and payments made during the year which may be related to current, previous or next accounting year	Records only the expenditure and income made during the current accounting year	
Object	Shows the cash position of NPO	Shows the net results in terms of deficits or surplus	
Depreciation Non-cash items like depreciation is not included		Includes non-cash items like depreciation, bad-debts for determining net profit or loss.	
Adjustment	Before preparing financial statements the Payments and Receipts received during the year can be adjusted.	Cash and non-cash transactions can be adjusted	
System	Cash basis	Accrual Basis	



4. Explain the basic features of Income and Expenditure Account and of Receipt and Payment Account.

Income and Expenditure account is similar to the P & L account (Profit and Loss Account). In an income and expenditure account surplus and deficit is determined during the accounting period while in a P& L account the net profit or loss is determined during an accounting period. It is a nominal account and records transactions that are of revenue nature. The closing balance is called deficit or surplus based.

Basic Features of I & E Account are:

- 1. It is a nominal account
- 2. Prepared on the basis of R & P (Receipt and Payment Account). All revenue items irrespective of income or expenditure get transferred.
- 3. Transactions that are of capital nature are not included in the account.
- 4. It is similar to P & L account
- 5. Records only current accounting year items and excludes any other transactions
- 6. Items like prepaid expenses, depreciation, income received in advance can be adjusted.
- 7. Balancing figure is expressed as surplus or deficit based on the status of expenses and income.

A receipts and payments account is a summary of actual cash receipts and payments that is extracted from the cash book over a certain time period. All the cash received is recorded on the Receipts and all cash payments are recorded in Payments side of the Receipts and Payments Account. This account is prepared on the basis of all the cash and bank transactions that are recorded in Cash Book. It records all cash and bank transactions that are of revenue and capital nature. It records all transactions i.e. bank receipts and cash receipts.

This account helps in determining the closing balance of bank and cash receipts and thereby assess cash position of an NPO.

Basic Features of R & P Account are:

- 1. It is a real account also known as summarised version of Cash Book
- 2. It records only bank and cash transactions.
- 3. Non-cash transactions like depreciation is not recorded
- 4. It begins with an opening balance of cash and bank and ends with closing balance of cash and bank.



- 5. Helps in assessing the cash position of an organisation
- 6. It does not distinguish between capital and revenue items
- 5. Show the treatment of the following items by a Not-for-Profit Organisation:
 - (i) Annual subscription
 - (ii) Specific donation
 - (iii) Sale of fixed assets
 - (iv) Sale of old periodicals
 - (v) Sale of sports materials
 - (vi) Life membership fee

i) Annual Subscription

- 1. Subscriptions that are obtained during an accounting year (it may be related to current, previous or upcoming year) are reflected on the debit side of R & P Account.
- 2. Subscriptions related to the present year whether yet to be received or already received reflects on the credit side of I & E account (Income and Expenditure)
- 3. Advance subscriptions received for the following year are reflected on Liabilities side of balance sheet.
- 4. Subscriptions which are due but yet to be received are shown on Assets part of Balance Sheet.
- 5. Subscriptions that are due but yet to receive are reflected on asset side of balance sheet.

ii) Specific donation

- 1. Specific donation amount is reflected on Debit side of R & P Accounts.
- 2. Specific donation amount is shown on Liabilities side of Balance Sheet. Because it is used for that specific purpose for which it is received.



iii) Sale of fixed assets

- 1. Amount received recorded on debit side of R & P Account.
- 2. Profit/Loss is credited/debited to I & E Account.
- 3. Book value of asset deducted from the respective asset on Asset side of Balance Sheet

iv) Sale of old periodicals

- 1. Amount received reflects on the debit side of R & P Account.
- 2. Sale of old periodical is counted as revenue receipts, hence reflects on credit side of I & E Account.

v) Sale of sport Materials

- 1. Amount received is debited to R & P Account
- 2. Sport material sale is revenue earned, hence reflects on credit side of I & E Account.

vi) Life Membership Fees

- 1. It is considered as a receipt for a NPO. Hence, debited to R & P Account
- 2. It is one-time fee and hence treated as Capital receipts, hence, added to Capital Fund on liabilities side of Balance Sheet
- 6. Show the treatment of items of Income and Expenditure Account when there is a specific fund for those items.

A NPO (Not-for-Profit organisation) has different sources of receipts in the form of subscriptions, donations, government grants etc. Of these some receipts are general while some are specific. Specific receipts are used only for the purpose for which it is received while general receipts can be used for any purpose. The specific receipts are not considered as revenue income for the Not-for-Profit organisation and therefore are reflected in I & E account.

In a way, specific receipts are considered as liabilities to the Not-for-Profit organisation as these amounts are received for specific purpose and cannot be used elsewhere. These are reflected in Liabilities side of Balance Sheet, until and unless it is completely used for the purpose it was received. If such amount is invested in the form of shares or debentures, then it is known as funds such as prize funds, match funds etc. The interest earned on such investment are not credited to I & E Account, instead it is credited to the respective fund account.



Similarly, any expense that is incurred for such funds gets debited from respective fund account. Such funds are shown in the liabilities side of Balance Sheet. If the expenses exceed the receipts of the fund, the difference gets reflected in I & E Account.

Treatment for items received for specific purpose

(Tournament/Match/Prize, etc.) Fund Account

Dr. Cr.

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Amount	Date	Particulars	L.F.	Amount
	Expenses				Balance b/d		
	(expenses incurred like, match expenses, tournament expenses)			3	D DE	2	
			-	1	Incomes		
			5	e	(Income or interest earned on funds invested in the form of donation, interests, dividends, etc.)		
	Balance c/d (see explanation)		(a)		Income and Expenditure A/c (see explanation)		(b)

Explanation (a)

When receipts are more than expenses meant for specific purpose, that time the difference between receipts and expenses is shown on balance sheet in the liabilities side.



Balance Sheet

Specific Fund (i.e. Tournament, Match,	Tournament Fund Investment	
Prize Fund, etc.)		

Explanation (b)

When expenses are more than receipts meant for specific purpose, that time the difference between expenses and receipts is shown in I & E account at the expenditure side.

Income and Expenditure A/c

Expenditure	Amount	Income	Amount
Expenses		100	
(I.e. Tournament, Match, Prize Expenses etc. except capital expenditure like, i.e. expenses on construction of building)	2	Egillili	

7. What is Receipt and Payment Account? How is it different from Income and Expenditure Account?

A receipts and payments account is a summary of actual cash receipts and payments that is extracted from the cash book over a certain time period. All the cash received is recorded on the Receipts and all cash payments are recorded in Payments side of the Receipts and Payments Account. This account is prepared on the basis of all the cash and bank transactions that are recorded in Cash Book. It records all cash and bank transactions that are of revenue and capital nature. It records all transactions i.e. bank receipts and cash receipts.

This account helps in determining the closing balance of bank and cash receipts and thereby assess cash position of an NPO.



Basis of Comparison	Receipts and Payments Account	Income and Expenditure Account
Nature	Contains bank and cash transaction summary.	Contains summary of income and expenses of current year
Revenue and Capital	Both revenue and capital Only revenue transactions recorded recorded	
Debit Side	Records cash and bank receipts are recorded	Records expenses and losses incurred for the current accounting period
Credit side	Records payments received in form of cash and cheques	Records incomes and gains during the current accounting period
Account Type	Real Account	Nominal Account
Accounting Period	Records receipts and payments made during the year which may be related to current, previous or next accounting year	Records only the expenditure and income made during the current accounting year
Object	Shows the cash position of NPO	Shows the net results in terms of deficits or surplus
Depreciation	Non-cash items like depreciation is not included	Includes non-cash items like depreciation, bad-debts for determining net profit or loss.
Adjustment	Before preparing financial statements the Payments and Receipts received during the year can be adjusted.	Cash and non-cash transactions can be adjusted
System	Cash basis	Accrual Basis



Numerical Questions for NCERT Accountancy Solutions Class 12 Part 1 Chapter 1

1. From the following particulars taken from the Cash Book of a health club, prepare a Receipts and Payments Account.

Particulars	₹
Opening balance:	
Cash in Hand	5,000
Cash at Bank	25,000
Subscriptions	1,65,000
Donations	35,000
Investment Purchased	80,000
Rent Paid	20,000
General Expenses	21,500
Postage and stationery	2,000
Courier charges	1,000
Sundry Expenses	2,500
Closing Cash in Hand	12,000

The solution for this question is as follows:



Books of Health Club

Receipt and Payment Account

Dr. Cr.

		Amount		Amount
	Receipts	₹	Payments	₹
Balance b/d			Investment	80,000
Cash in Hand	5,000		Rent	20,000
Cash at Bank	25,000	30,000	General Expenses	21,500
Subscriptions		1,65,000	Postage and Stationery	2,000
Donations		35,000	Courier Charges	1,000
			Sundry Expenses	2,500
			Balance c/d	
			Cash in Hand 12,000	
		1,00	Cast at Bank 91,000	1,03,000
	105	11.	(Balancing figure)	
		2,30,000		2,30,000



2. The Receipt and Payment Account of Harimohan charitable institution is given:

Receipt and Payment Account for the year ending March 31, 2015

	Amount		Amount
Receipts	₹	Payments	₹
Balance b/d:		Furniture	3,000
Cash at Bank	22,000	Investments	55,000
Cash in Hand	8,800	Advance for building	20,000
Donations	32,000	Charities	60,000
Subscriptions	50,200	Salaries	10,400
Endowment Fund	60,000	Rent and Taxes	4,000
Legacies	24,000	Printing	1,000
Interest on Investment	3,800	Postage	300
Interest on Deposits	800	Advertisements	1,100
Sale of old newspapers	500	Insurance	4,800
	V	Balance c/d:	
	11	Cash at Bank	32,000
		Cash in Hand	10,500
	2,02,100		2,02,100

Prepare the Income and Expenditure Account for the Year ended on March 31, 2015 after considering the following:

- (i) It was decided to treat Fifty per cent of the amount received on account of Legacies and Donations as income.
- (ii) Liabilities to be provided for are:
 - Rent ₹ 800; Salaries ₹ 1,200; advertisement ₹ 200.
- (iii) ₹ 2,000 due for interest on investment was not actually received.



The solution for this question is as follows

Books of Harimohan Charitable Institution

Income and Expenditure Account

Dr. Cr.

Expenditure		Amount	Income		Amount
· 		₹			
Rent and Taxes	4,000		Donations		16,000
Add: Outstanding	800	4,800	Legacies		12,000
_			Subscriptions	9,	50,200
Salaries	10,400		Interest on Investment 3	,800	
Add: Outstanding	1,200	11,600	Add: Accrued Interest 2	,000	5,800
Advertisement	1,100	2	Interest on Deposits		800
Add: Outstanding	200	1,300	Sale of Old Newspapers		500
		1			
Charities		60,000			
Printing		1,000			
Postage		300			
Insurance		4,800			
Surplus (Excess of Income over Expendit	ture)	1,500			
				-	
		85,300		ļ	85,300



3. From the following particulars, prepare Income and Expenditure account:

Details	Amount ₹
Fees collected, including ₹ 80,000 on account of the previous year	5,20,000
Fees for the year outstanding	30,000
Salary paid, including ₹ 5,000 on account of the previous year	68,000
Salary outstanding at the end of the year	3,000
Entertainment expenses	8,000
Tournament expenses	25,000
Meeting Expenses	18,000
Traveling Expenses	7,000
Purchase of Books and Periodicals, including ₹ 31,000 for purchase of Books	40,000
Rent	15,000
Postage, telegrams and telephones	6,000
Printing and Stationery	18,000
Donations received	25,000

The solution for this question is as follows

Income and Expenditure Account

Dr. Cr.

		Amount			Amount
Expenditure		₹	Income		₹
Salaries	68,000		Fees Collected	5,20,000	
Less: Previous year's Outstanding	(5,000)		Less: Previous year's Outstanding	(80,000)	
	63,000			4,40,000	



Add: Current year's Outstanding 3,000	66,000	Add: Current year's Outstanding 30,000	4,70,000
Entertainment Expenses	8,000	Donations	25,000
Tournament Expenses	25,000		
Meeting Expenses	18,000		
Traveling Expenses	7,000		
Purchases of Periodicals (40,000 – 31,000)	9,000		
Postage, Telegrams and Telephone's	6,000		
Rent	15.000		
Printing and Stationery	18,000	. 169	
Surplus (Excess of Income over Expenditure)	3,23,000		
		- DA	
	4,95,000		4,95,000
	6		

NOTE: As per the solution, Excess of Income over Expenditure is ₹ 3, 23,000; however, as per the book, it is ₹ 3, 07,000.

4. Following is the information given in respect of certain items of a Sports Club. Show these items in the Income and Expenditure Account and the Balance Sheet of the Club:

Particulars	₹
Sports Fund as on 1.4.2015	35,000
Sports Fund Investments	35,000
Interest on Sports Fund	4,000
Donations for Sports Fund	15,000
Sports Prizes awarded	10,000
Expenses on Sports Events	4,000
General Fund	80,000



General Fund Investments	80,000
Interest on General Fund Investments	8,000

The solution for this question is as follows

Books of Sports Club

Income and Expenditure Account

Dr. Cr.

Expenditure	Amount	Income	Amount
Experience	₹		₹
		Interest on General Fund Investments	8,000
		V6.	

Balance Sheet

Liabilities	10	Amount	Assets	Amount
		₹0		₹
Sports Fund	35,000	1.	Sports Fund Investments	35,000
Add: Interest on Sports Fund	4,000		General Fund Investments	80,000
Add: Donations for Sports Fund	15,000			
	54,000			
Less: Expenses on Sports Event	(4,000)			
Less: Prize Awarded	(10,000)	40,000		
General Fund		80,000		



5. How will you deal with the following items while preparing for the Bombay Women Cricket Club its income and expenditure account for the year ending 31.3.2017 and its Balance Sheet as on 31.3.2017?

		₹
(a)	Donation received during the year for the construction of a permanent Pavilion	12,25,000
	Expenditure incurred up to 31.3.2017 on its construction	10,80,000
	The total estimated expenditure on construction of Pavilion being	25,00,000
(b)	Tournament Fund:	
	Balance as on 1.4.2016	10,700
	Subscriptions for tournament received during the year	65,800
	Expenditure incurred during the year on conducting tournaments	72,400
(c)	Life Membership fee received during the year	28,000

Give reasons for your answers

The solution for this question is as follows

(a)

Books of Bombay Women Cricket Club

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2017

Liabilities		Amount	Assets	Amount
		₹		₹
Donation for Pavilion	12,25,000		Construction of Pavilion in Progress	10,80,000
Less: Exp. on construction of Pavilion	(10,80,000)	1,45,000		
Capital				



Add: Pavilion Construction	10,80,000	10,80,000	

Reason:

Donation for construction of Pavilion is a donation for specific purpose.

Expenses on construction on Pavilion is a capital expenditure.

(b)

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2017

		Amount	90.	Amount
Liabilities		₹	Assets	₹
Tournament Fund	10,700	10	1100	
Add: Subscription for Tournament	65,800		St. L.	
	76,500		<u> </u>	
Less: Tournament Expenses	(72,400)	4,100		

Reason

All funds received are treated as capital receipts and expenses related to any fund are deduced from the concerned funds.

(c)

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2017

	Amount		Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Life Membership Fees	28,000		



Reason

When there is no specific information on treatment of Life Membership fees, it is shown on liabilities side of Balance sheet as it is considered as capital receipt. On treated as revenue, it is shown in credit side of I & E Account.

6. From the following receipts and payments and information given below, Prepare Income and Expenditure Account and opening Balance Sheet of Adult Literacy Organisation as on December 31, 2017.

Receipt and Payment Account for the year ending

as on December 31, 2017

		Amount	11/1/	Amount
Receipts		₹	Payments	₹
Balance b/d		- e	General Expenses	3,200
Cash in hand		4,000	News paper	1,850
Cash at Bank		15,550	Electricity	3,000
Subscriptions			Fixed deposit with bank	18,000
2016	1,200		(on 31.06.2017) @ 10% p.a.	
2017	26,500		Books	7,000
2018	500	28,200	Salary	3,600
Sale of old newspapers		1,250	Rent	6,500
Govt. grant		12,000	Postage charges	300
Sale of old furniture (book value ₹ 5, 000)		3,700	Furniture (purchased)	10,500
Interest received on FD		450	Balance c/d	
			Cash in Hand	3,000



	Cash at Bank	8,200
65,150		65,150

Information:

- (i) Subscription outstanding as on 31.12.2016 ₹ 2,000 and on December 31, 2017 ₹ 1,500.
- (ii) On December 31, 2017 Salary outstanding ₹ 600, and one month Rent paid in advance.
- (iii) On Jan. 01, 2016 organisation owned Furniture ₹ 12,000, Books ₹ 5,000.

The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Adult Literacy Organisation

Income and Expenditure Account

as on Dec. 31, 2017

Cr.

Dr.

	1	Amount			Amount
Expenditure	/_	₹	Income		₹
Loss on Sale of Old Furniture	1	1,300	Subscription	26,500	
General Expenses		3,200	Add: Outstanding for 2017	1,500	28,000
Newspapers		1,850		_	
Electricity		3,000	Sale of Old Newspapers		1,250
Salary	3,600		Government Grant		12,000
Add: Outstanding for 2017	600	4,200	Interest received on F.D.	450	
			Add: Accrued Interest	450	900
Rent	6,500				
Less: Prepaid for 2018 {6,500×(1/13)}	(500)	6,000			

https://byjus.com



Postages Charges	300	
Surplus (Excess of Income over Expenditure)	22,300	
	42,150	42,150

Balance Sheet

as on Dec. 31, 2016

	Amount	46	Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital Fund on Dec. 31, 2016 (Balancing Figure)	38,550	Subscription Outstanding	2,000
	0.0	Cash in Hand	4,000
		Cash at Bank	15,550
		Furniture	12,000
		Books	5,000
	38,550		38,550
	7.		

Balance Sheet

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount	
Liasimics	₹	Assets	₹	
Capital 38,550		Prepaid Rent	500	



I	I	j i	1	ı	ı
Add: Surplus	22,300	60,850	Books	5,000	
			Add: Purchases	7,000	12,000
Salary Outstanding		600		7,000	
			Foretton		
Subscription Received in Advance for 2018		500	Furniture	12,000	
			Add: Purchases	10,500	
				22,500	
			Less: Sale	(5,000)	17,500
				(3,000)	
			Fixed Deposit		
				18,000	
			Add: Accrued Interest	450	18,450
			A Division		
			Cash in Hand		3,000
		-	Cash at Bank		8,200
			Subscription Outstanding for 2017		
	100			1,500	
		-0	Add: Outstanding for 2016	800	2,300
		1/1/2			
		61,950			61,950
		9			

7. The following is the account of cash transactions of the Nari Kalayan Samittee for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Amount		Amount
Receipts	₹	Payments	₹



Balance from last year	2,270	Rent	6,600
Subscriptions	32,500	Electric charges	3,200
Life membership fee	3,250	Lecturer's fee	730
Donation	2,500	Office expenses	1,480
Profit from entertainment	7,250	Printing and Stationery	1,050
Sale of old Books (books value ₹ 1,000)	750	Legal fee	1,870
Interest	350	Books	6,500
		Furniture purchased	8,600
		Expenses on nukar drama	1,300
		Cash in hand	8,040
		Cash at bank	9,500
		J DI	
	48,870	2000	48,870
		ALU.	

You are required to prepare an Income and Expenditure Account after the following adjustments:

- (a) Subscription still to be received are ₹ 750, but subscription include ₹ 500 for the year 2018.
- (b) In the beginning of the year the Sangh owned building ₹ 20,000 and furniture ₹ 3,000 and Books ₹ 2,000.
- (c) Provide depreciation on furniture @ 5% (including purchase), books @ 10% and building @ 5%.

The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Nari Kalyan Samittee

Income and Expenditure Account



Dr. Cr.

		Amount			Amount
Expenditure		₹	Income		₹
Rent		6,600	Subscription 3	32,500	
Electric Charges		3,200	Add: Outstanding for 2017	750	
Lecturer's fee		730		33,250	
Office Expenses		1,480	Less: Advance for 2018	(500)	32,750
Printing and Stationery		1,050	Donation	,	2,500
Legal Fee		1,870	Profit from Entertainment		7,250
Depreciation on:			Interest		350
Books	750		Interest		
Furniture	580		20,		
Building	1,000	2,330	J. Cill.		
Expenses on Nukar Drama		1,300	23/1		
Loss on Sale of Books		250	Te.		
Surplus		24,040			
		1,			
		42,850			42,850

Balance Sheet

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
	₹		₹
Capital Fund as Dec. 31, 2016	27,270	Building	20,000
(Balancing Figure)		Furniture	3,000



	Books	2,000
	Cash and Bank	2,270
27,270		27,270

Balance Sheet

Liabilities		Amount	Assets	-6	Amount
		₹		4.,	₹
Capital Fund	27,270		Building	20,000	
Add: Life Membership Fees	3,250		Less: 5% Depreciation	(1,000)	19,000
Add: Surplus	24,040	54,560	631		
			Furniture	3,000	
Advance Subscription for 2018		500	Add: Purchases	8,600	
	-			11,600	
			Less: 5% Depreciation	580	11,020
			Books	2,000	
			Add: Purchases	6,500	
				8,500	
			Less: Sales	1,000	
				7,500	
			Less: 5% Depreciation	750	6,750
			Cash in Hand		8,040
			Cash at Bank		9,500



	Subscription Outstanding	750
55,060		55,060

8. Following is the Receipt and Payment Account of Indian Sports Club, prepared Income and Expenditure Account, Balance Sheet as on December 31, 2017:

Receipt and Payment Account

for the year ending December 31, 2017

Receipts	Amount	Payments	Amount
	₹	$Q_{\alpha\beta}$	₹
Balance b/d	7,890	Salary	11,000
Subscriptions	52,000	Electric charges	5,500
Life member ship fee	2,200	Billiard Table	17,500
Entrance fee	3,200	Office expenses	4,100
Tournament fund	26,000	Printing and Stationery	2,300
Locker Rent	1,250	Tournament expenses	18,500
Sale of old sports goods (Costing ₹ 2,200)	2,500	Repair of ground	2,000
Sale of Old Newspaper	750	Furniture purchased	7,700
Legacy	37,500	Sports equipment's	12,000
		Cash in Hand	12,690
		Cash at Bank	10,000
		Fixed Deposit (on 1.10.17 for 10% p.a)	30,000
	1,33,290		1,33,290



Other Information:

Subscription outstanding was on December 31, 2016 ₹ 1,200 and ₹ 3,200 on December 31, 2017. Locker rent outstanding on December 31, 2017 ₹ 250. Salary outstanding on December 31, 2017 ₹ 1,000.

On January 1, 2017, club has Building ₹ 36,000, furniture ₹ 12,000, and Sports equipment's ₹ 17,500. Depreciation charged on these items @ 10% (including Purchase).

The solution for this question is as follows:

Indian Sports Club

Income and Expenditure Account

as on Dec. 31, 2017

Dr. Cr.

Expenditure		Amount	Income		Amount
Experience		₹	IIIOOIIIE		₹
Salary	11,000	1/10-	Subscriptions	52,000	
Add: Outstanding for 2017	1,000	12,000	Add: Outstanding for 2017	3,200	
Electric Charges		5,500		55,200	
Office Expenses		4,100	Less: Outstanding for 2016	(1,200)	54,000
Printing and Stationery		2,300		,	
Repair of Ground		2,000	Locker Rent	1,250	
Depreciation on:			Add: Outstanding for 2017	250	1,500
Furniture	1,970				
Building	3,600		Entrance Fees		3,200
Sports Equipments	2,730	8,300	Profit on Sale of Sports		
Surplus		26,300	Equipments (₹ 2,500 – ₹ 2,200)		300
			Sale of Old Newspapers		750



	Accrued Interest	750
60,500		60,500

Balance Sheet

as on January 01, 2016

	Amount	20	Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Capital Fund (Balancing Figure)	74,590	Subscription Outstanding	1,200
		Building	36,000
		Furniture	12,000
	-0,	Sports Equipments	17,500
	1/1/	Cash and Bank	7,890
	74,590		74,590

Balance Sheet

		Amount			Amount
Liabilities		₹	Assets		₹
Salary Outstanding		1,000	Subscripting Outstanding		3,200
Tournament Fund	26,000		Locker Rent Outstanding		250
Less: Tournament Expenses	18,500	7,500	Building 3	6,000	
			Less: 10% Depreciation (3	3,600)	32,400



Capital fund	74,590				
Add: Life Membership Fee	2,200		Furniture	12,000	
Add: Legacy	37,500		Add: Purchases	7,700	
Add: Surplus	26,300	1,40,590		19,700	
			Less: 10% Depreciation	(1,970)	17,730
			Sports Equipments	17,500	
			Add: Purchases	12,000	
			- 1 5	29,500	
			Less: Sales	(2,200)	
				27,300	
		0.0	Less: 10% Depreciation	(2,730)	24,570
			Billiard Table		17,500
		,	Cash in hand		12,690
		- Le	Cash at Bank		10,000
		11.	Fixed Deposit	30,000	
)	Add: Accrued Interest	750	30,750
		1,49,090			1,49,090



9. From the following Receipt and Payment Account of Jan Kalyan Club, prepare Income and Expenditure Account and Balance Sheet for the year ending March 31, 2017.

Receipt and Payment Account

for the year ending March 31, 2017

Receipts	Amount	Payments	Amount
	₹	00.	₹
Cash in hand as on 1.4.16	6,800	Salaries	24,000
Subscription	60,200	Traveling Expenses	6,000
Donation	3,000	Stationery	2,300
Sale of furniture (Book value ₹ 6000)	4,000	Rent	16,000
Entrance fee	800	Repair	700
Life membership fee	7,000	Books purchased	6,000
Interest on investment (@ 5% for full year)	5,000	Building purchased	30,000
		Cash in hand as 31.3.2017	1,800
	86,800		86,800

Additional Information:

As on	As on
1.04.2016	31.03.2017



(i)	Subscription received in advance	1,000	3,200
(ii)	Outstanding subscription	2,000	3,700
(iii)	Stock of stationery	1,200	800
(iv)	Books	13,500	16,500
(v)	Furniture	16,000	8,000
(vi)	Outstanding rent	1,000	2,000

The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Jan Kalyan Club

Income and Expenditure Account

as on 31 March 2017

Dr. Cr.

Fare and the re-		Amount	3/11		Amount
Expenditure	11.	₹	Income		₹
Loss on Sale of Furniture (₹ 6,000 – ₹ 4,000)		2,000	Subscription	60,200	
Salaries		24,000	Less: Outstanding for 2016	(2,000)	
Traveling Expenses	1	6,000		58,200	
Stationery	2,300		Add: Outstanding for 2017	3,700	
Add: Opening Stock	1,200			61,900	
_	3,500		Add: Advance in 2016	1,000	
Less: Closing Stock	(800)	2,700		62,900	
_			Less: Advance in 2017	(3,200)	59,700
Repairs		700			
Rent	16,000		Donation		3,000
Less: Outstanding for 2016	(1,000)		Entrance Fees		800
_	15,000		Interest on Investments		5,000



Add: Outstanding for 2017	2,000	17,000	
Depreciation on Books		3,000	
Depreciation on Furniture		2,000	
Surplus		11,100	
		68,500	

Balance Sheet

as on April 01, 2016

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Advance Subscription	1,000	Cash in Hand	6,800
Outstanding Rent	1,000	Investment {5,000 × (100/5)}	1,00,000
Capital Fund (Balancing figure)	1,37,500	Subscription Outstanding	2,000
	111	Stock of Stationery	1,200
		Books	13,500
		Furniture	16,000
	1,39,500		1,39,500

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2017

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹	
Advance Subscription	3,200	Subscription Outstanding	3,700	



I		İ		Ī	i
Outstanding Rent		2,000	Stock of Stationery		800
Capital Fund	1,37,500		Investments		1,00,000
Add: Life Membership Fees	7,000				
Add: Surplus	11,100	1,55,600	Books	13,500	
			Add: Purchases	6,000	
				19,500	
			Less: Depreciation	(3,000)	16,500
			Building		30,000
			Cash in Hand		1,800
			Furniture	16,000	
		0.0	Less: Sales	6,000	
				10,000	
			Less: Depreciation	(2,000)	8,000
	11.		C.		
		1,60,800			1,60,800
	-	1,		Ī	

10. Receipt and Payment Account of Shankar Sports club is given below, for the year ended March 31, 2017

Receipt and Payment Account

for the year ending March 31, 2017

	Amount		Amour
Receipts	₹	Payments	₹



Opening Cash in hand	2,600	Rent	18,
Entrance fees	3,200	Wages	7,
Donation for building	23,000	Billiard table	14,
Locker rent	1,200	Furniture	10,
Life membership fee	7,000	Interest	2,
Profit from entertainment	3,000	Postage	1,
Subscription	40,000	Salary	24,
		Cash in hand	4,
	80,000	. 6	80,

Prepare Income and Expenditure Account and Balance Sheet with help of following Information:

Subscription outstanding on March 31, 2016 is ₹ 1, 200 and ₹ 2,300 on March 31, 2017, opening stock of postage stamps is ₹ 300 and closing stock is ₹ 200, Rent ₹ 1,500 related to 2015 and ₹ 1,500 is still unpaid.

On April 01, 2016 the club owned furniture ₹ 15,000, Furniture valued at ₹ 22,500

On March 31, 2017. The club took a loan of ₹ 20,000 (@ 10% p.a.) in 2017.

The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Shankar Sports Club

Income and Expenditure Account

as on 31 Dec. 2017

Dr. Cr.

		Amount		Amount
Expenditure		₹	Income	₹
Rent	18,000		Entrance Fees	3,200
Add: Outstanding for 2017	1,500		Locker Rent	1,200
	19,500		Profit from Entertainment	3,000

https://byjus.com



Less: Outstanding for 2016	(1,500)	18,000		
			Subscription 40,000	
Wages		7,000	Less: Outstanding for 2016 (1,200)	
Depreciation on Furniture		2,500	38,800	
Interest		2,000	Add: Outstanding for 2017 2,300	41,100
Postage	1,000		Deficit (<i>Balancing Figure</i>)	6,100
Add: Opening Stock	300			
	1,300			
Less: Closing Stock	(200)	1,100	160	
Salaries		24,000		
			COL	
		54,600	Jan.	54,600

Balance Sheet

	Amount	_	Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Rent Outstanding	1,500	Cash in Hand	2,600
10% Loan	20,000	Subscription Outstanding	1,200
		Furniture	15,000
		Stock of Postage Stamps	300
		Capital fund Deficit (Balancing figure)	2,400
	21,500		21,500



Balance Sheet

as on December 31, 2017

Expenditure		Amount			Amount
		₹	Income		₹
Rent Outstanding		1,500	Subscription Outstanding		2,300
10% Loan		20,000	Stock of Postage Stamps		200
Donation for Building		23,000	Billiard Table	7	14,000
Capital Fund	(2,400)		Furniture	15,000	
Add: Life Membership Fee	7,000		Add: Purchases	10,000	
Less: Deficit	(6,100)		900	25,000	
			Less: Depreciation	(2,500)	22,500
	- 5	5	Cash in Hand		4,000
		-0	* Capital Fund (Deficit)		1500
		44,500			44,500
)			

* NOTE 1:

Capital Fund (2,400)

Add:Life Membership Fees 7,000

Less:Deficit (6,100)

Net Deficit (1,500)



11. Prepare Income and Expenditure Account and Balance Sheet for the year ended March 31, 2016 from the following Receipt and Payment Account and Balance Sheet of culture club:

Receipt and Payment Account for the year ending March 31, 2016

Receipts	Amount (₹)	Payments	Amount (₹)
2015-16	12,000 000 24,000 2,800 1,000 1,200 11,000	Furniture Telephone expenses Salary 2014-15 2015-16 Newspapers Sundry expenses Defence bonds Land Closing cash balance	4,000 800 1,000 4,000 700 1,000 18,000 20,000 2,500 52,000

Balance Sheet

for the year ending March 31, 2016

Amount (₹)	Assets	Amount (₹)
200	Cash in hand	12,000
	Outstanding subscription	3,000
	Building	35,000
,		33,000
,		
•		
50,000		50,000
	(₹)	200 1,000 2,000 10,000 36,800 Assets Cash in hand Outstanding subscription Building



The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Culture Club Income and Expenditure Account

as on March 31, 2016

Dr.				Cr.
Expenditure	Amount ₹	Income		Amount ₹
Telephone Expenses	800	Subscription	22,000	
Salary	4,000	Add: Advance Received in 2015	1,000	23,000
Newspapers	700			
Sundry Expenses	1,000	Entrance Fees		2,800
		Locker Rent	1,000	
Surplus (<i>Balancing figure</i>)	31,500	Add: Advance Received in 2015	200	1,200
		Government Grants	3,	11,000
	38,000	~ (C)		38,000

Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2016

Amount Amount Liabilities **Assets** Subscription Still Outstanding for 2015 Capital Fund 36,800 1,000 Add: Life Membership Fees 1,200 (₹ 3,000 – ₹ 2,000) Add: Surplus 31,500 69,500 Furniture 4,000 18,000 Defence Bonds Salary Still Outstanding for 2015 1,000 Land 20,000 Loan 10,000 Building 35,000 Cash in Hand 2,500 80,500 80,500



12. From the following Receipt and Payment Account prepare final accounts of a Unity Club for the year ended March 31, 2017.

Receipt and Payment Accounts

for the year ending March 31, 2017

		Amount		Amount
Receipts		₹	Payments	₹
Balance b/d		15,000	Furniture	18,000
Sale of Old furniture (costing ₹ 6,000)		4,000	Library books	10,000
Subscriptions:			Salaries	72,000
2015–16	18,000		General expenses	18,000
2016–17	60,000		Electric charges	12,000
2017–18	12,000	90,000	Newspapers	33,800
Sale of old newspapers		10,800	Postage	3,000
Profit from entertainment		44,000	Stationery	40,000
Rent		84,000	Audit fee	8,000
			Balance c/d	33,000
		2,47,800		2,47,800

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2016

	Amount		Amount
Liabilities		Assets	
	₹		₹



Outstanding Salary	6,000	Cash	15,000
Capital Fund	6,94,000	Outstanding subscription	18,000
		Library Books	30,000
		Furniture	37,000
		Land and Building	6,00,000
	7,00,000		7,00,000

Additional Information:

- 1. The Club had 500 members each paying an annual subscription of ₹ 150.
- 2. On 31.3.2016 salaries outstanding amounted to ₹ 1,200 and salaries paid included ₹ 6,000 for the year 2015–16.
- 3. Provide 5% depreciation on Land and Building.

The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Unity Club

Income and Expenditure Account

as on March 31, 2017

Dr. Cr.

	Amount		Amount
Expenditure	₹	Income	₹
Loss on Sale of Old Furniture (4,000 – 6,000)	2,000	Subscription	
		500 members at ₹ 150 each	75,000
Salaries 72,000		Sale of Old Newspapers	10,800

https://byjus.com



Add: Outstanding for 2015–16	1,200		Profit from Entertainment	44,000
	73,200		Rent	84,000
Less: Outstanding for 2016–17	(6,000)	67,200		
General Expenses		18,000	Deficit (Balancing figure)	200
Electric Charges		12,000		
Newspapers		33,800		
Postage		3,000		
Stationery		40,000		
Audit Fees		8,000	- 100	
Depreciation on Land and Building		30,000		
		2,14,000	100	2,14,000

Balance Sheet

as on 31 March 2017

		Amount			Amount
Liabilities		₹	Assets		₹
Advance Subscription (for 2017–18)		12,000	Subscription Outstanding		15,000
Salaries Outstanding		1,200	Furniture	37,000	
Capital Fund	6,94,000		Add: Purchases	18,000	
Less: Deficit	(200)	6,93,800		55,000	
			Less: Sales	(6,000)	49,000
			Library Books Add: Purchases	30,000	40,000
			Land and Building	6,00,000	



	Less: 5% Depreciation	(30,000)	5,70,000
	Cash and Bank		33,000
7,07,000			7,07,000

13. Following is the information in respect of certain items of a Sports Club. You are required to show them in the Income and Expenditure Account and the Balance Sheet.

Details	Amount
Details	₹
Sports Fund as on April 1, 2016	80,000
Sports Fund Investments	80,000
Interest on Sports Fund Investments	8,000
Donations for Sports Fund	30,000
Sports Prizes awarded	16,000
Expenses on Sports Events	7,000
General Fund	2,00,000
General Fund Investments	2,00,000
Interest on General Fund Investments	20,000

The solution for this question is as follows:



Income and Expenditure Account

as on March 31, 2016

Dr. Cr.

	Amount		Amount
Expenditure	₹	Income	₹
		Interest on General Fund Investments	20,000
		00	
		VA.	
		00.	

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2016

		Amount	_	Amount
Liabilities		₹	Assets	₹
Sports Fund	80,000		Sports Fund Investments	80,000
Add: Interest on Sports Fund			General Fund Investments	2,00,000
Investments	8,000			
Add: Donation for Sports Fund	30,000			
	1,18,000			
Less: Sports Prizes Awarded	(16,000)			
Less: Expenses on Sports Events	(7,000)	95,000		



General Fund	2,00,000			
--------------	----------	--	--	--

14. Receipt and Payment Account of Maitrey Sports Club showed that ₹ 68,500 were received by way of subscriptions for the year ended on March 31, 2017.

The additional information was as under:

- 1. Subscription Outstanding as on March 31, 2016 were ₹ 6,500,
- 2. Subscription received in advance as on March 31, 2016 were ₹ 4,100,
- 3. Subscription Outstanding as on March 31, 2017 were ₹ 5,400,
- 4. Subscription received in advance as on March 31, 2017 were ₹ 2,500.

Show how that above information would appear in the final accounts for the year ended on March 31, 2017 of Maitrey Sports Club.

The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Maitrey Sports Club

Income and Expenditure Account

as on March 31, 2017

Dr. Cr.

Expenditure	Amount	Income	Amount
		Subscription 68,500	



Less: O/s on Mar. 31, 2016 (6,500))
62,00	0
Add: Advance on Mar. 31, 2016 4,10	0
Add: O/s on Mar. 31, 2017 5,40	0
71,50	0
Less: Advance on Mar. 31, 2017 (2,50)	69,000
	7

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2016

	Amount	JA DE	Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Subscription in Advance	4,100	Subscription Outstanding	6,500

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2017

Amount	Assets	Amount
₹		₹
2,500	Subscription Outstanding	5,400
	₹	Assets



15. Following is the Receipt and Payment account of Rohatgi Trust:

Receipt and Payment Account

for the year ending December 31, 2017

Receipts		Amount		Amount
		₹	Payments	₹
Cash in hand		14,000	Rent	6,000
Cash at Bank		60,000	Salary	12,000
Subscriptions:			Postage	300
2016	5,000		Electricity charges	6,000
2017 8:	33,000		Purchase of furniture	20,000
2018	3,000	91,000	Books	3,000
Sale of Investment		90,000	Defence Bonds	1,50,000
Interest on investment		2,000	Help to needy students	22,000
Sale of furniture (book value ₹ 3,000)		3,200	Cash in hand	10,900
		11/10	Cash at bank	30,000
		2,60,200		2,60,200

Prepare Income and expenditure account for the year ended December 31, 2017, and a balance sheet as on that date after the following adjustments: Subscription for 2017, still owing were ₹ 7,000. Interest due on defence bonds was ₹7,000, Rent still owing was ₹ 1,000. The Book value of investment sold was ₹ 80,000, ₹ 30,000 of the investment were still in hand. Subscription received in 2017 included ₹ 400 from a life member. The total furniture on January 1, 2017 was worth ₹ 12,000. Salary paid for the year 2018 is ₹ 2,000.

The solution for this question is as follows:



Books of Rohatgi Trust

Income and Expenditure Account

as on December 31, 2017

Dr. Cr.

Expenditure		Amount	Income	Amount
		₹		₹
Rent	6,000		Subscription 83,00	0
Add: Outstanding	1,000	7,000	Add: Outstanding for 2017 7,00	0
			90,00	
Salary	12,000	0.0	Less: Life Membership Fees (400	89,600
Less: Advance for 2018	(2,000)	10,000	2) 109	
			Interest Accrued on Defence Bonds	7,000
		5	Profit on Sale of Investment	
Postage		300	(₹ 90,000 – ₹ 80,000)	10,000
		11.	Profit on Sale of Furniture	
Electricity Charges		6,000	(₹ 3,200 – ₹ 3,000)	200
Help to Needy Students		22,000	Interest on Investments	2,000
Surplus (<i>Balancing Figure</i>)		63,500		
		1,08,800		1,08,800

Balance Sheet

	Amount		Amount
Liabilities	_	Assets	_
	₹		₹



Capital fund (Balancing Figure)	2,01,000	Subscription Outstanding	5,000
		Investment (₹ 80,000 + ₹ 30,000)	1,10,000
		Furniture	12,000
		Cash in hand	14,000
		Cash at bank	60,000
	2,01,000		2,01,000

Balance Sheet

	Amount	A P		Amount
Expenditure	₹	Income		₹
Advance Subscription	3,000	Subscription Outstanding		7,000
Rent Outstanding	1,000	Defence Bonds	1,50,000	
Capital Fund 2,01,000 <i>Add</i> : Surplus 63,500	The	Add: Accrued Interest on Defence Bonds	7,000	1,57,000
Add: Life Membership Fees 400	2,64,900	Investment		30,000
		Advance Salaries		2,000
		Furniture	12,000	
		Add: Purchases	20,000	
			32,000	
		Less: Sales	(3,000)	29,000
		Books		3,000
		Cash in Hand		10,900
		Cash at Bank		30,000



2,68,900	2,68,900

16. Following Receipt and Payment Account was prepared from the cash book of Delhi Charitable Trust for the year ending December 31, 2017

Receipt and Payment Account

for the year ending December 31, 2017

Receipts	Amount	Payments	Amount
Receipte	₹	Taymonto	₹
Balance b/d		Charity	11,500
Cash in hand	11,500	Rent and taxes	3,200
Cash at bank	12,600	Salary	6,000
Donation	9,000	Printing	600
Subscription	42,800	Postage	300
Legacies	18,000	Advertisements	4,500
Interest on investment	4,500	Insurances	2,000
Sale of old newspapers	200	Furniture	21,600
		Investment	23,000
		Balance c/d:	
		Cash in hand	9,900
		Cash at bank	16,000
	98,600		98,600

Prepare Income and expenditure account for the year ended December 31, 2017, and a balance sheet as



on that date after the following adjustments:

- (a) It was decided to treat one-third of the amount received on account of donation as income.
- (b) Insurance premium was paid in advance for three months.
- (c) Interest on investment ₹1,100 accrued was not received.
- (d) Rent ₹600: salary ₹900 and advertisement expenses ₹1,000 outstanding as on December 31, 2017.



The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Delhi Charitable Trust

Income and Expenditure Account

as on December 31, 2017

Dr. Cr.



Expenditure		Amount	Income		Amount
		₹	moone		₹
Insurance	2,000		Donation {9,000 × (1/3)}		3,000
Less: Prepaid {2,000 × (3/15)}	(400)	1,600	Interest on Investments	4,500	
			Add: Accrued Interest	1,100	5,600
Charity		11,500			7,111
Rent and Taxes	3,200	, 000	Subscription		42,800
Add: Outstanding	600	3,800	Sale of Old Newspapers		200
		.,	200		
Salary	6,000				
Add: Outstanding	900	6,900		×66	
Printing		600	-0		
Postage		300			
Advertisements	4,500	330	3killi.		
Add: Outstanding	1,000	5,500	1e		
Surplus (<i>Balancing figure</i>)		21,400	3		
					F4 600
		51,600		ŀ	51,600

Balance Sheet

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
-------------	--------	--------	--------



	₹		₹
Capital Fund (Balancing figure)	24,100	Cash in Hand	11,500
		Cash at Bank	12,600
	24,100		24,100

Balance Sheet

as on December 31, 2017

		Amount		0	Amount
Liabilities		₹	Assets	5,	₹
Capital Fund	24,100		Prepaid Insurance {2,000 x (3/15)}		400
Add: Donation {9,000 × (2/3)	6,000		Investment	23,000	
Add: Legacies	18,000		Add: Accrued Interest	1,100	24,100
Add: Surplus	21,400	69,500	Furniture		21,600
Rent Outstanding		600	Cash in Hand		9,900
Salary Outstanding		900	Cash at Bank		16,000
Advertisement Expenses Outstanding		1,000			
	1	72,000			72,000

17. From the following Receipt and Payment Account of a club, prepare Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended March 31, 2017 and the Balance Sheet as on that date.

Receipt and Payment Account

for the year ending March 31, 2017

	Amount		Amount
Receipts		Payments	
	₹		₹



Balance b/d		3,500	General expenses	900
Subscription:			Salary	16,000
2015-16	2,000		Postage	1,300
2016-17	70,000		Electricity charges	7,800
2017-18	3,000	75,000	Furniture	26,500
Sale of old Books		2,000	Books	13,000
(Costing ₹ 3,200)			Newspapers	600
Rent from use of hall		17,000	Meeting expenses	7,200
Sale of newspapers		400	T.V. set	16,000
Profit from entertainment		7,300	Balance c/d	15,900
			J Dr.	
		1,05,200	2000	1,05,200
			ALL.	

Additional Information:

- (a) The club has 100 members each paying an annual subscription of ₹ 900. Subscriptions outstanding on March 31, 2016 were ₹ 3,600.
- (b) On March 31, 2017, salary outstanding amounted to ₹ 1,000, Salary paid included ₹ 1,000 for the year 2012.
- (c) On April 1, 2017 the club owned land and building ₹ 25,000, furniture ₹ 2,600 and books ₹ 6,200.

The solution for this question is as follows:

Income and Expenditure Account

as on December 31, 2017

Dr. Cr.

Amount		Amount
	Income	
₹		₹
	Amount ₹	



General Expenses		900	Subscription 70,000	
Salary	16,000		Add: Outstanding for 2017 20,000	90,000
Add: Outstanding for 2017	1,000		(100 members at ₹ 900 each)	
	17,000		Rent from use of hall	17,000
Less: Outstanding for 2016	(1,000)	16,000	Sale of Old News Papers	400
			Profit from Entertainment	7,300
Loss on Sale of Old Books		1,200		
Electricity Charges		7,800		
Newspapers		600		
Meeting Expenses		7,200		
Postage		1,300	COL	
Surplus (Balancing figure)		79,700	Jan.	
		1,14,700		1,14,700
			Dill.	

Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2016

	Amount		Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Salary Outstanding	1,000	Subscription Outstanding	3,600
Capital Fund (Balancing figure)	39,900	Furniture	2,600



	Books	6,200
	Cash and Bank	3,500
	Building	25,000
40,900		40,900

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2017

	1		1	1
Liabilities	Amount	Assets	0	Amount
	₹	DIS DIS) \	₹
Advance Subscription	3,000	Subscription Outstanding		
Salary Outstanding	1,000	2017	20,000	
		Add: 2016 (Still Outstanding)	1,600	21,600
Capital Fund 39,900		Building		25,000
Add: Surplus 79,700	1,19,600	Furniture	2,600	
		Add: Purchases	26,500	29,100
	2			
		Books	6,200	
		Add: Purchases	13,000	
			19,200	
		Less: Sales	3,200	16,000
		T.V. Set		16,000
		Cash and Bank		15,900
	1,23,600			1,23,600



18. Following is the Receipt and Payment Account of Women's Welfare Club for the year ended December 31, 2017:

The solution for this question is as follows:

Receipt and Payment Account

for the year ending December 31, 2017

Passints	Amount	Paris de la constante de la co	Amount
Receipts	₹	Payments	₹
Balance b/d	7,250	Salary	12,500
Subscriptions	81,750	Stationery	1,700
Donations	3,000	Electricity charges	9,550
Grant from Government	15,000	Insurance	7,500
Sale of newspapers	300	Equipments	30,000
Proceeds of charity show	16,500	Petty expenses	500
Interest on investments @ 10% for full year	7,000	Expenses on charity show	12,900
Sundries income	400	Newspapers	1,000
		Lectures fee	16,500
		Honorarium to Secretary	12,000
		Balance c/d	27,050
	1,31,200		1,31,200

Additional Information:

	01.01.2017	31.12.2017
	₹	₹
Outstanding salaries	1,200	1,800



Insurance prepaid	700	300
Subscription outstanding	3,750	2,500
Subscription received in advanced	1,750	1,000
Electricity charges outstanding	_	1,250
Stock of stationery	2,250	700
Equipments	25,600	50,200
Building	1,20,000	1,14,000

Prepare Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended December 31, 2017 and Balance Sheet as on that date.

The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Women Welfare Club

Income and Expenditure Account

as on December 31, 2017

Dr. Cr.

		Amount			Amount
Expenditure		₹	Income		₹
Salary	12,500		Subscriptions	81,750	
Add: O/s on Dec. 31, 2017	1,800		Add: O/s on Dec. 31, 2017	2,500	
	14,300			84,250	
Less: O/s on Dec. 31, 2016	(1,200)	13,100	Less: O/s on Dec. 31, 2016	(3,750)	
				80,500	
Stationery	1,700		Add: Advance on Dec. 31, 2016	1,750	
Add: Opening Stock	2,250			82,250	
	3,950		Less: Advance on Dec.31, 2017	(1,000)	81,250



Less: Closing Stock	(700)	3,250		
			Donations	3,000
Electric Charges	9,550		Grant from Government	15,000
Add: O/s on Dec. 31, 2017	1,250	10,800	Sale of Newspapers	300
			Profit from Charity show (16,500–12,900)	3,600
Insurance	7,500		Interest on Investments	7,000
Add: Prepaid in 2016	700		Sundries Income	400
	8,200			
Less: Prepaid in 2017	(300)	7,900	160	
Depreciation on Equipments		5,400		
Petty Expenses		500	206	
Newspapers		1,000	A Pri	
Lectures Fee		16,500	3 :109	
Honorarium to Secretary		12,000	J. L. L.	
Depreciation on Building		6,000	(e°	
Surplus (Balancing Figure)		34,100	2 ~	
		1,10,550		1,10,550
		1,10,550		1,10,550

Balance Sheet

	Amount		Amount
Liabilities		Assets	
	₹		₹



Outstanding Salaries	1,200	Insurance Prepaid	700
Subscription in Advance	1,750	Subscription Outstanding	3,750
		Stock of Stationery	2,250
Capital Fund (Balancing Figure)	2,26,600	Equipments	25,600
		Building	1,20,000
		Cash and Bank	7,250
		Investments {7,000 × (100/10)}	70,000
	2,29,550		2,29,550
		0 0	<u>. </u>

Balance Sheet



Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Outstanding Salaries	1,800	Equipments 25,600	
Subscription in Advance	1,000	Add: Purchases	
Electricity Charges Outstanding	1,250	55,600	
Capital Fund		Less: Depreciation (5,400)	50,200
Add: Surplus	2,60,700		
		Insurance Prepaid	300
		Subscription Outstanding	2,500
		Stock of Stationery	700
		1,20,000 Building	
		Less: Depreciation (6,000)	1,14,000
		1011	
	6	Cash and Bank	27,050
		Investments	70,000
	2,64,750	Up	2,64,750

19. As at March 31, 2017 the following balances have been extracted from the books of the Indian Chartered Accountants Recreation Club and you are asked to prepare (1) Trading Account for ascertaining gross profit derived from running restaurant and dining room and (2) Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended March 31, 2017 (3) and a Balance Sheet as at that date.

Debit Balances	₹	Credit Balances	₹
Stock-in-hand	1170	Receipts Dining Room	87,660
Purchases	24,660	Subscriptions	9,450
Dining Room	32,370	Billiard's Receipts	7,300
Rent	10,470	Sunday Receipts	410



Wages	18,690	Interest on Fixed Deposit	270
Repairs and Renewals	5,400	Sundry Creditors	5310
Fuel and Light	5,280	Grant from Institute (permanent)	42,000
Misc. Expenses	4,050	Income and Exp. A/c (1.4.16)	1,380
Cash in hand	560	Suspense A/c (See note)	60
Cash at bank	2,760		
Fixed Deposit	8,500		
Sundry Debtors	2,250		
China glass, cutlery and linen	600		
Billiard Table	2,070		
Fixtures and Fittings	870	900	
Furniture	4,140	J. D. Dr.	
Club Premises	30,000	2 .09	
	1,53,840	- in	1,53,840
	5	Co.	

On March 31, 2016 stock of restaurant consisted of ₹ 900 and ₹ 60 respectively. Provide depreciations ₹ 60 on fixtures and fittings, ₹ 390 on billiard table and ₹ 560 on furniture.



The solution for this question is as follows:

Books of Indian Chartered Accountants Recreation Club

Restaurant Trading Account

Dr. Cr.

	Amount		Amount
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
Opening Stock	1,170	Receipts from Dining Room	87,660
Purchases	24,660	Closing Stock	960
Dining Room Exp.	32,370	90.	
Profit from Restaurant	30,420	J D. D. L.	
	88,620	2000	88,620
		J. C.	_

Income and Expenditure Account

as on March 31, 2017

Dr. Cr.

Expenditure	Amount		Amount
	₹	Income	₹
Rent	10,470	Subscriptions	9,450
Wages	18,690	Sundry Receipts	410
Repairs an Renewals	5,400	Interest on Fixed Deposits	270
Fuel and Light	5,280	Profit from Restaurant	30,420



Misc. Expenses		4,050	Billiards Receipts	7,300
Depreciation on				
Fixtures and Fittings	60			
Billiards Table	390			
Furniture	560	1,010		
Surplus (Excess of Income over Expenditure)		2,950		
		47,850	6	47,850

Balance Sheet

as on March 31, 2017

Liabilities	Amount	Assets		Amount
Liabilities	₹	ASSEIS		₹
Sundry Creditors	5,310	Cash in Hand		560
Grant from Institute	42,000	Cash at Bank		2,760
Suspense	60	Fixed Deposit		8,500
Capital Fund (Income and Exp. A/c				
as on Apr.01, 2016) 1,380		Sundry Debtors		2,250
Add: Surplus 2,950	4,330	China Glass, Cutlery and Linen		600
		Billiards Table	2,070	
		Less: Depreciation	(390)	1,680
		Fixture and Fittings	870	
		Less: Depreciation	(60)	810



	Furniture Less: Depreciation	4,140 (560)	3,580
	Club Premises		30,000
	Stock of Restaurant		960
51,700			51,700